The Energy Efficient Mortgages Initiative, under which umbrella the “Energy efficient Mortgages Action Plan” (EeMAP), the “Energy Efficient Data Protocol & Portal” (EeDaPP) and the “Energy efficient Mortgage Market Implementation Plan” (EeMMIP) run in parallel is an initiative by European Mortgage Federation-European Covered Bond Council (EMF-ECBC), Ca’ Foscari University of Venice, RICS, the Europe Regional Network of the World Green Building Council, E.ON, SAFE Goethe University Frankfurt, CRIF, European DataWarehouse, Hypoport, TXS, Copenhagen Economics, the Scottish Government and the Autonomous Province of Trento. The projects have received funding from the European Union’s Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreements No 746205 (EeMAP), 784979 (EeDaPP) and 894117 (EeMMIP).

2nd EEMI BAUHAUS EVENT
18 January 2021, 14h00-16h00 (CET)
Online

AGENDA

1. Welcome – Luca BERTALOT, EEMI Coordinator

2. Introduction by the Moderator – Richard KEMMISH, Richard Kemmish Consulting

   Presentations

   Each presentation will be followed by a 15 minutes Question & Answer Session open to all participants

3. 14h00 – AmTrust

   The contribution of the insurance sector to Green value chain.

   Amtrust vision and experience on how a Credit Insurer can reduce financial barriers to renovation. Banking system can adopt risk transfer tools to make innovative Green tailored solutions.

4. 14h30 – SFEM CEN CENELEC

   De-risking and impacting on Building Renovation

   Intergovernmental Climate Change Panel report is based on objective data defining the scientific information relevant to understanding the relevant risks of human induced climate risks. For all of us the mandatory objective is to reduce CO₂ emission directing sustainable finance into relevant projects delivering the expected results.

   TEG documents and Delegated Acts provide guidance defining the metrics and the threshold values to be met. For the existing residential sector the proposed metric is based on Energy Performance Certificates that are a static proxim of emitted CO₂ and do not measure over time the impact of efficiency improvement action and the risk the initiative.

   An introduction to the Italian “Portale Consumi” of ARERA (Regulatory Authority for Energy, Networks and Environment) where the Italian consumer can access at no cost to their own metered consumption. We want to connect the missing links between material consumption data, with TEG metrics and financial institutions de-risking tools to establish an integrated and agile (digitalized) framework that provide dynamic materiality over time with impact on climate change and risks management end to end. The measurable benefits are for consumers, service supplier, financial institutions, policy makers and they will be used for risk management, accounting, disclosure and reporting.
5. **15h00 – European Energy Efficient Fund**

Advancing sustainable energy for Europe

The European Energy Efficiency Fund (eef) supports the goals of the European Union to promote a sustainable energy market and climate protection. The eef is a targeted public private partnership which contributes to enhance energy efficiency and foster renewable energy, primarily providing dedicated financing through direct finance and partnering with financial institutions. The eef pursues its goals by offering funding for energy efficiency, clean mobility and small scale renewable energy projects in local communities. The highly positive impact on the triple bottom line generated from its business, the innovative public-private partnership structure and the financing models tailored on the specifics of this sector and of each project deliver to the market a case study to scale up the investments in green infrastructures and the mitigation of climate change.

6. **15h30 – European DataWarehouse**

Data and related challenges

The focus will be on the main outcomes of European Commission Energy Efficiency Data Protocol and Portal Project: namely the introduction of a common identifier for residential and commercial buildings across Europe. Secondly, a description of the benefits and the challenges for reporting Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance (ESG) information in a centralised platform in line with the latest European Green Deal.